WASHINGTON COLLEGE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021



WASHINGTON COLLEGE TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION	4
STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES	5
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	6
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	35
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	37



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Visitors and Governors Washington College Chestertown, Maryland

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Washington College (the College), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the College as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of financial responsibility data (the Schedule) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2023, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland January 27, 2023

WASHINGTON COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	
ASSETS	ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,046,453	\$ 16,430,190
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,438,366	2,044,208
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	1,306,157	1,652,137
Pledges Receivable, Net	6,394,599	2,630,395
Student Loans Receivable, Net Investments:	48,606	49,968
Investments - Operating	16,984,033	17,357,121
Investments of Endowed Funds	262,656,414	290,554,954
Assets Held in Annuity Trusts	821,033	974,772
Total Investments	280,461,480	308,886,847
Interest Rate Swap Collateral	-	3,750,000
Land, Buildings, and Equipment, Net	170,170,019	174,143,491
Total Assets	\$ 475,865,680	\$ 509,587,236
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 2,133,544	\$ 2,616,831
Accrued Salaries and Wages	1,347,041	1,615,440
Deferred Revenues and Deposits	630,080	2,075,043
Funds Held for Others	796,363	696,060
Annuities Payable	407,485	429,699
Interest Rate Swaps	-	7,391,020
Long-Term Debt, Net	66,723,761	60,169,200
Total Liabilities	72,038,274	74,993,293
NET ASSETS		
Without Donor Restrictions	117,441,716	125,115,744
With Donor Restrictions	286,385,690	309,478,199
Total Net Assets	403,827,406	434,593,943
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 475,865,680	\$ 509,587,236

WASHINGTON COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022					
	Without Donor	With Donor		Without Donor	With Donor	
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total
OPERATING REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER SUPPORT						
Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 18,048,817	\$ -	\$ 18,048,817	\$ 20,322,568	\$ -	\$ 20,322,568
U.S. Government Grants	237,081	1,813,435	2,050,516	83,152	1,574,499	1,657,651
State and Local Grants	2,425,959	2,570,653	4,996,612	2,012,424	667,383	2,679,807
Private Gifts	1,557,749	14,029,322	15,587,071	1,009,470	7,445,604	8,455,074
Endow ment Return Used for Operations	907,296	14,371,693	15,278,989	862,897	13,227,179	14,090,076
Investment Income	96,613	23,288	119,901	210,580	549	211,129
Change in Value of Split-Interest Agreements	(13,123)	(149,542)	(162,665)	7,586	274,237	281,823
Sales, Auxiliary Enterprises	12,917,108	39,820	12,956,928	3,152,850	27,569	3,180,419
Other Sources	413,607	382,566	796,173	839,803	312,028	1,151,831
Total Operating Revenues and Gains	36,591,107	33,081,235	69,672,342	28,501,330	23,529,048	52,030,378
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	19,280,027	(19,280,027)	-	15,864,214	(15,864,214)	-
Total Operating Revenues, Gains, and Other Support	55,871,134	13,801,208	69,672,342	44,365,544	7,664,834	52,030,378
Operating Expenses:						
Instruction	22,098,469	-	22,098,469	21,952,255	-	21,952,255
Academic Support - Library	1,709,172	-	1,709,172	1,607,876	-	1,607,876
Academic Support - Other	1,142,937	-	1,142,937	1,376,343	-	1,376,343
Student Services	12,806,292	-	12,806,292	10,313,281	-	10,313,281
Institutional Support	11,105,845	-	11,105,845	10,306,207	-	10,306,207
Auxiliary Enterprises	9,511,225	-	9,511,225	7,552,873	-	7,552,873
General Administration	3,423,755	-	3,423,755	2,946,523	-	2,946,523
Total Operating Expenses	61,797,695		61,797,695	56,055,358		56,055,358
Change in Net Assets from Operating Activities	(5,926,561)	13,801,208	7,874,647	(11,689,814)	7,664,834	(4,024,980)
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net Gain on Investments	(1,884,653)	(22,100,204)	(23,984,857)	4,142,962	70,079,097	74,222,059
Withdraw n for Endow ment Payout	(907,296)	(14,371,693)	(15,278,989)	(862,897)	(13,227,179)	(14,090,076)
(Loss) Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	9,942	-	9,942	(209,564)	-	(209,564)
Change in Fair Value of Interest Rate Sw aps	612,720	-	612,720	2,892,245	-	2,892,245
Net Assets Released from Restrictions - Capital	421,820	(421,820)	-	-	-	-
Total Nonoperating Activities	(1,747,467)	(36,893,717)	(38,641,184)	5,962,746	56,851,918	62,814,664
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(7,674,028)	(23,092,509)	(30,766,537)	(5,727,068)	64,516,752	58,789,684
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	125,115,744	309,478,199	434,593,943	130,842,812	244,961,447	375,804,259
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 117,441,716	\$ 286,385,690	\$ 403,827,406	\$ 125,115,744	\$ 309,478,199	\$ 434,593,943

WASHINGTON COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Change in Net Assets	\$ (30,766,537)	\$ 58,789,684
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to	Ψ (30,700,337)	Ψ 30,709,004
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	8,772,951	8,865,304
Amortization	305,780	19,418
Bad Debt Expense	414,567	(181,810)
(Gain) loss on Retirement of Fixed Assets	(9,942)	209,564
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains on Investments	23,984,857	(74,222,059)
Change in Value of Split-Interest Agreements	162,664	(278,576)
Change in Fair Value of Interest Rate Swaps	(612,720)	(2,892,245)
Contributions Restricted for Long-Term Investment	(12,099,808)	(3,939,900)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	COE 040	040 500
Accounts Receivable	605,842	642,509
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets Pledges Receivable, Net	345,980 (4,178,771)	(787,041) 1,445,164
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses, and Accrued Salaries	(4,170,771)	1,443,104
and Wages	(751,686)	1,834,933
Deferred Revenues and Deposits	(1,444,963)	(126,418)
Funds Held for Others	100,303	(101,468)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(15,171,483)	(10,722,941)
CACH ELONG EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4 700 470)	(2 010 512)
Capital Expenditures Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	(4,799,479) 9,942	(2,818,512) 552,647
Purchases of Investments	(143,116,636)	(75,175,932)
Proceeds from Sales of Investments	147,372,268	85,290,974
Repayments on Student Loans	1,362	9,601
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(532,543)	7,858,778
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Contributions Restricted for Long-Term Investment	12,099,808	3,939,900
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	43,175,000	-
Bond Premium	7,029,748	-
Bond Issuance Costs	(734,967)	-
Payments on Long-Term Debt	(43,221,000)	(2,308,000)
Payments on Interest Rate Swaps	(6,778,300)	-
Receipts (Payments) for Interest Rate Swap Collateral	3,750,000	(3,750,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities	15,320,289	(2,118,100)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(383,737)	(4,982,263)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	16,430,190	21,412,453
Cach and Gaon Equivalence Deginning of Four	10, 100, 100	21,112,100
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 16,046,453	\$ 16,430,190
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash Paid During the Year for Interest	\$ 2,356,930	\$ 2,867,101
Nanagah Ciffa	¢ 40.050	Ф 0.507
Noncash Gifts	\$ 19,650	\$ 6,537

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Washington College (the College) is a private, nonprofit College of Arts and Sciences chartered by the state of Maryland in 1782. The College is situated on the Chester River on Maryland's Eastern Shore. The College enrolls approximately 1,200 undergraduate students.

The College seeks to develop in its students the habits of analytic thought, aesthetic insight, imagination, ethical sensitivity, and clarity of expression. These qualities of the mind are the result of excellent teaching, of active inquiry, and of a wide range of experiences and social interactions in an intimate community of cultural, social, and political diversity. The College also strives to enrich the cultural and intellectual life of its regional community.

Each student explores a range of disciplines in the humanities, the social sciences, and the natural sciences and concentrates on a major academic program that culminates in a significant independent project. Unhurried conversation and personal associations complement instruction and study. Thus, the College affirms the importance of its residential tradition with its opportunities to engage in the arts and sciences, athletics, service, and social activities in the company of people of varied backgrounds, experience, and interests. The College also offers certification programs, graduate studies, and opportunities for lifelong learning.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies employed by the College are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Accordingly, the College resources are classified and reported as separate classes of net assets based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Include expendable resources that are used to carry out the College's operations and are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. Net assets without donor restrictions may be designated for specific purposes by the College or may be limited by contractual agreement with outside parties.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Include funds received from contributions and purchases of annuities that: a) restrict their use to a specific purpose and/or the passage of time; or b) require that they be maintained in perpetuity by the College; generally, the donor of these assets permits the College to use all or part of the income earned and capital gains, if any, on related investments for general or specific purposes. The income will remain in net assets with donor restrictions until appropriated for spend, governed by the College's spending policy.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Revenues and gains and losses on investments and other assets are reported as changes in net assets without donor restrictions unless limited by explicit donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions and are allocated into functional categories depending upon the ultimate purpose of the expenditure. Expirations of restrictions on net assets, where the donor-imposed purpose has been accomplished or the stipulated time period has elapsed, are reported as net assets released from restrictions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The College defines cash equivalents as highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less. The College invests excess cash in bank overnight repurchase agreements, short-term securities, and money market funds, which are converted into cash as needed to meet the College's obligations.

Investments

<u>General</u>

Investment securities are reflected in the accompanying financial statements at quoted fair values except for alternative investments, which include limited partnerships, real estate funds and hedge funds, for which quoted market prices are not readily available. The estimated fair value of these investments is based on net asset values provided by the general partner or investment managers during the year. The College believes that such valuations are appropriate. Because the alternative investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Such difference could be material.

In accordance with the policy of stating investments at fair value, the change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment securities is reflected in the accompanying statements of activities. All gains and losses arising from sales, purchases, or other disposition of investments under the control of the College are accounted for on a specific identification basis calculated as of the trade date. Investment gains or losses on pooled endowment assets are distributed quarterly among the individual endowment funds on the basis of the number of units of the pool held by each individual endowment account.

Investments of Endowed Funds

The College has, from time to time, received gifts in which the donor has specified that the gift must be held in perpetuity and only the income from the gift be utilized for general or specific purposes. Such gifts, generally called endowments, are subject to the restrictions of gift instruments of the state of Maryland.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based upon management's judgments including such factors as prior collection history and type of receivables. The College writes off receivables when they become uncollectible, and payments subsequently received on such receivables are credited to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Allowances for doubtful student loans are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors which, in management's judgment, could influence the ability of loan recipients to repay the amounts per the loan terms. Institutional loan balances are written off only when they are deemed to be permanently uncollectible. Reserves are placed on any past-due balances under the program until they are turned over to the government.

The allowance for pledges receivable was calculated by review of individual pledge balances for collectability and was based in part on historical collection trends of College donors.

Assets Held in Annuity Trusts

Assets held in annuity trusts consist of gift annuities and charitable remainder trusts. Gift annuities are agreements between donors and the College, which provide that the College pay stipulated amounts for the remaining lives of specific beneficiaries in return for a payment of a specific sum. Generally, donor payments are in excess of the present value of the stipulated payments. These agreements are regulated by the Insurance Commissioner of the state of Maryland. The initial payment is invested separately by the College at the time of receipt; the stipulated amounts are paid from the income, appreciation or corpus of the initial payment, or, if the initial payment has been expended, from the general assets of the College.

Charitable remainder trusts consist of funds subject to irrevocable agreements whereby the assets are made available to the College on the condition that the College pays stipulated amounts, limited to the assets of the trusts, for specified periods of time to designated individuals. Upon the death of the annuitants, the remaining proceeds of the trust revert to the College and may be used as stipulated by the donor. When the College is the trustee of the trusts, the assets held in the trust are recorded at fair value when received and the liability to the annuitant is recorded at the present value of the estimated future payments to be distributed over the annuitant's expected life.

For both annuities and charitable remainder annuity trusts, corresponding liabilities are included in the accompanying statements of financial position. Annually, management undertakes a revaluation of the actuarially determined liability of the annuities. The revaluation resulted in a decrease in annuities payable of \$22,214 for fiscal year 2022 and a decrease of \$73,621 for fiscal year 2021. There were no new annuity gifts for 2022 or 2021.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Student Loans Receivable, Net

College loan funds held are purpose restricted funds issued as grants per donor instructions. The College continues to collect old loans issued from these funds, and they are stated at actual amounts owed.

Land, Buildings, and Equipment

Land, buildings, and equipment with useful lives greater than one year are stated at cost, or estimated fair value at date of gift, if donated. Buildings financed in whole or in part by state of Maryland capital grants are stated at the combined cost to the College and the state. Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. Generally, the cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to expense when incurred, while major acquisitions, additions, renewals, and betterments are capitalized. The College's threshold for capitalizing assets is \$2,000 for an individual item and \$5,000 for bulk purchases. Depreciation of buildings and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment

20 to 40 Years 4 to 10 Years

Operations

The accompanying statements of activities distinguish between operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities principally include all revenues, including student tuition and fees, sales, auxiliary enterprises, government grants and contracts, private gifts and endowment return used for operations, and expenses that are an integral part of the College's educational programs and supporting activities. Nonoperating activities include gains (losses) on disposals of fixed assets or other financial instruments, investment earnings, change in value of interest rate swaps, net assets released from restriction for capital projects and other activities considered to be more of an unusual or nonrecurring nature.

Contributions and Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give (pledges), are reported as revenues in the period received or pledged. Contributions of assets, other than cash, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the gift. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate commensurate with the market risks involved. Amortization of the discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any.

The College reports gifts of cash or other assets as net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends, or purpose restriction is accomplished or relieved by the donor, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the accompanying statements of activities as Net Assets Released from Restrictions.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contributions and Net Assets Released from Restrictions (Continued)

The College has been notified of certain intentions to give from donors, which if received, would be used for general operations, program activities, and scholarships. These amounts are not included as a part of pledges receivable due to their conditional nature.

Tuition and Fee Revenue

Tuition and fee revenue consist of all tuition and fee revenue earned net of student discounts. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, these discounts amounted to \$30,298,902 and \$29,298,802, respectively.

Fundraising

Included in institutional support expenses for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were fundraising costs of \$1,083,626 and \$1,134,022, respectively.

Interest Rate Swaps

The College uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in interest rates and to fix the overall cost of its variable rate financing. The interest rate swaps are recorded at fair value in the accompanying financial statements as a liability. The interest rate swaps were paid off as part of the refinancing completed in November 2021.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant management estimates and assumptions related to the determination of allowances for doubtful accounts for student accounts, loans, and pledges receivable; alternative investment values; useful lives of fixed assets; actuarial estimates of annuities payable; and the reported fair values of certain of the College's assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market volatility, and credit. To minimize such risks, the College has a diversified investment portfolio managed by several independent investment managers in a variety of asset classes. The College regularly evaluates its investments including performance thereof. The College maintains its cash and cash equivalents in various bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The College's cash accounts were placed with high credit quality financial institutions. However, due to inherent risks and potential volatility in investment valuations, the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements can vary substantially from year to year. It is reasonably possible that changes in investments will occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income Tax Status

Under provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and applicable income tax regulations of the state of Maryland, the College is exempt from taxes on income, other than unrelated business income.

The College recognizes or derecognizes a tax position based on a "more likely than not" threshold. This applies to positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The College does not believe its financial statements include any material uncertain tax positions.

Contingency

The College is party to various legal proceeding and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. Management has evaluated that the potential loss from these claims and has recorded a \$100,000 contingency loss on the financial statements.

Amounts received and expended by the College under various federal and state programs are subject to audit by governmental agencies. In the opinion of management, audit adjustments, if any, would not have a material effect on the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the College.

NOTE 3 LIQUIDITY

The College receives contributions with donor restrictions to be used in accordance with the associated purpose restrictions. It also receives gifts to establish endowments that will exist in perpetuity; the income generated, from such endowments, is used to fund scholarships and program support. In addition, the College receives support without donor restrictions, and appropriated earnings from gifts with donor restrictions.

NOTE 3 LIQUIDITY (CONTINUED)

The College considers investment income without donor restrictions, and contributions without donor restrictions to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. General expenditures include administrative and general expenses expected to be paid in the subsequent year. Annual operations are defined as activities occurring during the College's fiscal year.

The College regularly monitors the availability of resources required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the College considers all expenditures related to its ongoing activities of teaching, research, and public service as well as the conduct of services undertaken to support those activities to be general expenditures.

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College has the following financial assets available for expenditure within one year:

	2022	2021
Financial Assets at Year-End:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,046,453	\$ 16,430,190
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,438,366	2,044,208
Pledges Receivable	6,394,599	2,630,395
Investments	280,461,480	308,886,847
Subtotal	304,340,898	329,991,640
Less: Amounts Not Available for Use Within One Year:		
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	(286, 385, 690)	(309,478,199)
Donor Restricted Net Assets Appropriated for Use		
Within One Year	17,268,627	14,388,327
Board-Designated Endowment	(8,120,205)	(10,210,806)
Board-Designated Endowment Appropriated		
for Use Within One Year	402,723	355,155
Subtotal	(276,834,545)	(304,945,523)
Financial Assets Available to Meet General		
Expenditures Over the Next Twelve Months	\$ 27,506,353	\$ 25,046,117

The College's board of visitors and governors has designated a portion of its resources to function as endowment and for other purposes which totals \$8,120,205 and \$10,210,806 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These funds are invested for long-term appreciation and current income but remain available and may be spent at the discretion of the board.

Federal student loan receivables are not considered to be available to meet general expenditures because principal and interest on these loans are used solely to make new loans.

NOTE 4 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to our customers (students), in an amount that reflects the consideration the College expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The following table shows the College's tuition and fee revenue disaggregated according to the timing of the transfer of service and by source for the years ended June 30:

Revenue Recognized Over Time	2022	2021
Tuition	\$ 16,658,982	\$ 19,549,023
Fees	1,389,835	773,545
Total	\$ 18,048,817	\$ 20,322,568

The following table shows the College's room and board revenues included within Sales, Auxiliary Enterprises on the statements of activities, disaggregated according to the timing of the transfer of service and by source for the year ended June 30:

Revenue Recognized Over Time	2022			2021
Housing (Room)	\$	6,534,137		\$ 1,559,407
Dining (Board)		5,245,946		1,290,304
COVID-19 Credit		-		(2,000)
Total	\$	11,780,083	٠	\$ 2,847,711

In response to the COVID-19 global pandemic in spring 2020, the College refunded or credited student accounts with the pro rata portion of the spring term room and board charges with all students receiving a minimum refund or credit as a result of students being required to complete the term with remote learning and instruction. Fiscal year 2020 auxiliary revenues reflect these room and board refunds and resulted in an increase in deferred revenue - students.

The College's contract assets and liabilities consist of the following at June 30:

Revenue Recognized Over Time	2022		2021
Accounts Receivable - Students	\$ 643,584	\$	701,131
Deferred Revenue - Students	127,570		211,861

Performance Obligations and Revenue Recognition

The College has two academic terms; fall and spring. Tuition revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which the academic programs are delivered, proratably over the term of the related semester. Room and Board revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which housing and food services are provided, proratably over the term of the related semester. Any payments received prior to fiscal year-end related to academic terms that occur subsequent to fiscal year-end are recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying statements of financial position.

NOTE 4 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (CONTINUED)

Performance Obligations and Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Customer contracts generally have separately stated prices for each performance obligation contained in the contract. Therefore, each performance obligation generally has its own standalone selling price. Arrangements for payment are agreed to prior to registration of the student's first academic term. Generally, payments for tuition, fees and auxiliaries are due approximately two weeks prior to the start of the academic terms. Students may also enter into a payment plan in which payment is due at predetermined dates during the course of a semester. Many students obtain Title IV or other financial aid resulting in the College receiving a significant amount of the transaction price at the beginning of the academic term.

Transaction Price

Revenue, or transaction price, is measured as the amount of consideration expected to be received in exchange for transferring goods or services. Tuition, fees, and room and board revenues are reported at established rates, net of financial assistance provided by the College.

Students may receive discounts, scholarships or refunds, which gives rise to variable consideration. The amount of discounts or scholarships are applied to individual student accounts when such amounts are awarded. Therefore, the transaction price is reduced directly by these discounts or scholarships from the amount of the standard rates charged. Students who adjust their course load or withdraw completely within the first four weeks of the academic term (add/drop period) may receive a full or partial refund in accordance with the College's refund policy. When the student withdrawal results from a disciplinary action, regardless of the time of the withdrawal, all amounts paid to the College become nonrefundable and the College makes no refund of any kind. Fees are not refundable after the start date of the semester for which the fees have been paid. Residence hall spaces are assigned for the academic year; therefore, no refunds or credits for rooms are given for a student withdrawing for any reason after classes begin. Board refunds or credits will be determined on a pro-rated basis to be calculated based on the date of student's withdrawal.

Tuition refunds or credits will be allowed according to date on which the student withdraws, as follows:

- Before classes begin 100% refundable;
- During the first two weeks of classes 75% (25% is nonrefundable);
- During the third week of classes 50% (50% is nonrefundable);
- During the fourth week of classes 25% (75% is nonrefundable);
- After the fourth week of classes 0% (100% is nonrefundable).

NOTE 4 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (CONTINUED)

Contract Balances

Tuition, fees, room and board revenues are recognized in the period classes and services are provided and amounts received for future periods are reported as deferred revenue. Students are billed at the beginning of each academic term and payment is due at that time. The College's performance obligations are to provide educational services in the form of instruction as well as housing facilities and meals during the academic term. As these performance obligations are satisfied over the academic term, deferred revenue is reduced. A significant portion of student payments are from Title IV financial aid and other programs and are generally received during the first month of the respective term. When payments are received, accounts receivable is reduced.

Deferred revenue represents students who prepaid their tuition and will be recognized over the fiscal year in which academic programs are delivered, proratably over the term of the related semester.

NOTE 5 INVESTMENTS

Investments, assets held in annuity trusts, investments of endowed funds and beneficial interest in assets held by trustee by investment type at June 30 are as follows:

2022			20	021			
	Market		Cost		Market		Cost
\$	5,101,441	\$	5,097,694	\$	883,740	\$	883,740
	10,719,653		10,930,354		5,144,307		5,134,939
	23,621,461		25,927,027		35,877,798		33,411,635
	118,247,298		72,763,381		128,216,013		62,820,400
	39,133,787		34,229,276		73,785,862		44,641,750
	76,254,084		61,110,111		56,623,670		22,038,321
	7,383,756		7,383,746		8,355,457		7,052,458
\$	280,461,480	\$	217,441,589	\$	308,886,847	\$	175,983,243
		Market \$ 5,101,441 10,719,653 23,621,461 118,247,298 39,133,787 76,254,084 7,383,756	Market \$ 5,101,441 \$ 10,719,653 23,621,461 118,247,298 39,133,787 76,254,084 7,383,756	Market Cost \$ 5,101,441 \$ 5,097,694 10,719,653 10,930,354 23,621,461 25,927,027 118,247,298 72,763,381 39,133,787 34,229,276 76,254,084 61,110,111 7,383,756 7,383,746	Market Cost \$ 5,101,441 \$ 5,097,694 \$ 10,719,653 10,930,354 23,621,461 25,927,027 118,247,298 72,763,381 39,133,787 34,229,276 76,254,084 61,110,111 7,383,756 7,383,746	Market Cost Market \$ 5,101,441 \$ 5,097,694 \$ 883,740 10,719,653 10,930,354 5,144,307 23,621,461 25,927,027 35,877,798 118,247,298 72,763,381 128,216,013 39,133,787 34,229,276 73,785,862 76,254,084 61,110,111 56,623,670 7,383,756 7,383,746 8,355,457	Market Cost Market \$ 5,101,441 \$ 5,097,694 \$ 883,740 \$ 10,719,653 10,930,354 5,144,307 23,621,461 25,927,027 35,877,798 118,247,298 72,763,381 128,216,013 39,133,787 34,229,276 73,785,862 76,254,084 61,110,111 56,623,670 7,383,756 7,383,746 8,355,457

Certain investments and investments of endowed funds are invested in units of pooled investment funds on a market value basis. The pooled investment funds are managed under contract by professional management firms. The fund subscribes to or disposes of units on the basis of the per unit market value at the beginning of the calendar month within which the transaction takes place.

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the net realized gains on the investment funds were \$45,898,856 and \$6,285,313, respectively. Net unrealized (losses) gains were \$(69,883,713) and \$67,936,746 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 6 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

A summary of accounts receivable at June 30, is as follows:

	2022	2021	
Students	\$ 643,584	\$ 701,131	
Employees	3,849	2,821	
Grants	347,613	437,783	
Other	507,822	972,942	
Subtotal	1,502,868	2,114,677	
Less: Allowance	(64,502)	(70,469)	
Total	\$ 1,438,366	\$ 2,044,208	

NOTE 7 PLEDGES RECEIVABLE, NET

At June 30, contributors to the College have unconditionally promised to give as follows:

Pledges Receivable		2022 7,092,656	\$ 2021 2,913,885
Less: Discount to Present Value at Rates from 2.49% - 4.46%	·	(361,499)	(145,048)
Subtotal		6,731,157	 2,768,837
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(336,558)	(138,442)
Pledges Receivable, Net	\$	6,394,599	\$ 2,630,395
		2022	2021
Gross Contributions to be Collected:			
Within One Year	\$	1,328,576	\$ 1,911,687
One to Five Years		5,764,080	 1,002,198
Total	\$	7,092,656	\$ 2,913,885

NOTE 8 STUDENT LOANS RECEIVABLE, NET

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, student loans consisted of the following:

2022		
\$ 54,007	\$	55,520
(5,401)		(5,552)
\$ 48,606	\$	49,968
\$	(5,401)	(5,401)

NOTE 8 STUDENT LOANS RECEIVABLE, NET (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the following amounts were past due under student loan programs:

	Days Due	60-90 Days Past Due		90+ Days Past Due		Total Past Due	
June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$	-	\$	54,007	\$	54,007
June 30, 2021	\$ 	\$		\$	55,520	\$	55,520

NOTE 9 LAND, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT, NET

	2022	2021
Land Improvements	\$ 9,811,535	\$ 9,694,830
Buildings	247,172,044	245,067,950
Furniture and Equipment	36,833,239	35,707,696
Subtotal	293,816,818	290,470,476
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(136,438,578)	(127,767,541)
Subtotal	157,378,240	162,702,935
Land	10,584,252	10,584,252
Construction in Progress	2,207,527	856,304
Total	\$ 170,170,019	\$ 174,143,491

Depreciation expense was \$8,772,951 and \$8,865,304 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Construction in progress at June 30, 2022 consists of costs incurred to rehabilitate several buildings and internet infrastructure upgrades. Estimated outstanding construction contract commitments at June 30, 2022 were \$1,604,789 and will be funded through contributions or operating sources.

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, \$1,494,958 of land and buildings were held for sale.

NOTE 10 BONDS AND FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

Bonds and financing arrangements consist of the following at June 30:

Description	2022	2021
Town of Chestertown, Maryland Economic Development Refunding Revenue Bonds, Washington College Project, 2013 Series:		
Bonds payable used to finance the design, construction, renovation and outfitting of the new academic building known as Cromwell Hall and the new residential housing known as Corsica Hall. Interest at a fixed rate of 3.476% is paid monthly. Series principal payments are due monthly in graduated amounts commencing at \$39,000 through June 2046.	\$ 17,381,000	\$ 17,893,000
Bonds payable used to finance the design, construction, renovation and outfitting of the Gibson Performing Arts Center, Hodson Hall, the Chester and Sassafras dormitories and to advance the refunds of the 1997, 2004 and 2008A and 2010 bonds. Interest at a variable rate of 65% of (LIBOR plus 1.1%) is paid monthly. Interest rate at June 30, 2020 was 1.21%. Series principal payments are due annually in graduated amounts commencing at \$1,040,000 on March 1, 2014 through March 2038.	_	42,709,000
Bonds payable used to refinance the 2014 revenue bonds and pay off interest rate swaps. Interest at a rates ranging from 1.47% to 5% is paid biannually. Series principal payments are due annually in graduated amounts commencing at \$2,150,000 on March 1, 2023 through March 1, 2037.	43,175,000	_
Subtotal	60,556,000	60,602,000
		00,002,000
Add: Unamortized Issuance Premium	7,029,748	-
Less: Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	(861,987)	(432,800)
Total Long-Term Debt, Net	\$ 66,723,761	\$ 60,169,200

The College expensed interest of \$1,472,670 and \$1,765,308 under financing arrangements for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 10 BONDS AND FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements for the above debt are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		
2023	\$	2,675,000	
2024		2,725,000	
2025		2,776,000	
2026		2,894,000	
2027		3,022,000	
Thereafter		46,464,000	
Total	\$	60,556,000	

Under the terms of the Town of Chestertown, Maryland Revenue Bond, and the Town of Chestertown, Maryland Economic Development Refunding Revenue Bond agreements, the College has granted the issuer of the bonds a claim on and collateral interest in all of its gross revenues (as defined in the agreements). The loan agreements also contain covenants and prohibitions which, among other things, limit the College's ability to incur additional indebtedness and contain an acceleration clause in the event of default. In FY22 the College did not meet the covenant requirement related to the filing of financial statements within 150 days of the fiscal year-end. The College was granted a waiver from the financial institution.

In November 2021, the College refinanced the debt related to the 2014 revenue bonds and the interest rate swaps.

NOTE 11 INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS

The College had entered into interest rate swap agreements in order to hedge interest rate exposure on the underlying variable rate revenue bonds. The swap agreements had a fair value liability of \$7,391,020 at June 30, 2021, which is reflected in the statements of financial position. A noncash gain of \$612,720 and \$2,892,245 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are included in the statements of activities, under nonoperating activities. The swap agreements contain certain derivative risks including tax and/or basis risk, counterparty risk and amortization risk, among others.

	Notional	Start	Maturity	Fixed	
	Amount	Date	Date	Rate	Floating Rate*
PNC Bank	\$ 18,570,000	9/17/2010	3/1/2038	3.20%	65% of USD-LIBOR-BBA
Royal Bank	18,565,000	5/6/2008	3/1/2038	3.20%	65% of USD-LIBOR-BBA

^{*}Monthly Rate

The College expensed interest of \$293,964 and \$1,199,464 under the interest rate swap agreements for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

During FY21, the College posted collateral on the swap of \$3,750,000 which is recorded within assets on the statement of financial position. During FY22, the swaps were paid off as part of the refinancing of the revenue bonds.

NOTE 12 NET ASSETS

The composition of net assets at June 30 was as follows.

	2022	2021
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions:		
Board-Designated Endowment	\$ 8,120,205	\$ 10,210,806
Undesignated	109,321,511	114,904,938
Total	\$ 117,441,716	\$ 125,115,744
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions:		
Purpose Restrictions:		
Scholarships	\$ 272,281	\$ 1,651,355
Support for the College	21,222,289	18,095,173
Time Restrictions:		
Net Pledge Receivables Without Donor		
Restrictions	-	107,336
Spending Policy:		,
Investment in Perpetuity	178,043,446	166,059,971
Endowment Earnings	86,847,674	123,564,364
Total	\$ 286,385,690	\$ 309,478,199

Pledges reflect the amount remaining to be collected on contributions in which the donor has relieved all donor imposed purpose restrictions. Although the purpose restriction has been relieved by the donor the amounts are expected to be received over a period of time and this transfer remains restricted until the pledge payment has been received.

Net assets were released from donor restrictions when expenses were incurred to satisfy the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events as specified by the respective donors. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, purpose restrictions were accomplished as follows:

	2022	2021
General Operations	\$ 335,873	\$ 308,899
Financial Aid	11,383,364	9,046,030
Instruction and Research	6,270,306	5,862,593
Student Services	977,634	344,692
Restrictions Relieved by the Donor	312,850	302,000
Total	\$ 19,280,027	\$ 15,864,214
Capital Expenditures	\$ 421,820	\$ -

NOTE 13 ENDOWMENTS

As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the board of visitors and governors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The College's endowment consists of a portfolio of actively managed funds established to provide both a source of operating funds as well as long-term financial stability. The endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the board of visitors and governors to function as quasi-endowments. The endowment assets are recorded on the statements of financial position in investments of endowed funds, portions of investments held for sale, and portions of assets held in annuity trusts and investments.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The board of visitors and governors of the College has interpreted the Maryland Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as establishing a standard of conduct in managing and investing endowment funds. As a result of this interpretation, the College classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. This is regarded as the "principal value" of the endowed fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is regarded as "net appreciation" is classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure in a manner consistent with the College's spending policy.

Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the "principal value." There were no such deficiencies as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Endowment Investment Policy

The College has adopted an investment policy that is intended to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs from its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the College must hold in perpetuity as well as board-designated funds. Under this approach, as approved by the Investment Committee of the board of visitors and governors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that equal the total of the amount drawn annually for operations plus the rate of inflation. The College expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an average rate of return of approximately 8-1/2% annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

NOTE 13 ENDOWMENTS (CONTINUED)

Endowment Spending Policy

Unless otherwise specified by law or agreement with the donor, the annual amount of endowment assets and earnings available to support the operations of the College during the fiscal year shall be 5% of the average of the assets of the endowment as of December 31 of each of the three preceding fiscal years. The board has elected a draw of up to 6.5% for June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the trailing three preceding year average balance for donor-restricted endowed funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. The board has approved a draw of up to 6.5% for the upcoming June 30, 2023 fiscal year using a trailing two preceding year average balance.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the College relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). Previously, the College determined that best governance practice was not to internally manage the investment portfolio and that outsourcing of the management was clearly the best course. Effective this year, the relationship with the consultant changed from non-discretionary to discretionary to further expedite the investment objectives. A consultant was hired to assist the Investment Committee of the board of visitors and governors in this process. Different managers have been employed over the years and have included a wide range of investments, including alternative strategies. The rationale for including alternative strategy managers for the College's portfolio is to reduce overall volatility while providing equity-like returns. Alternative asset classes have historically demonstrated lower volatility on a stand-alone basis compared to traditional asset classes. Additionally, they have had low correlations, thus providing diversification benefits at the total fund level. See Note 2 for more detail on how these are valued. Appropriations and income distributed from endowment assets are shown net of gains and losses in the statement of activities as endowment return used for operations.

Endowment Loan

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the board of visitors and governors authorized management to borrow \$2,700,000 from the endowment to pay for the upfront construction costs of the Semans-Griswold Environmental Hall building. This is intended to be repaid by June 30, 2024 at 2.7% interest uncompounded annually. The balance outstanding was \$2,700,000 at June 30, 2021. The loan was paid in full during year ended June 2022.

NOTE 13 ENDOWMENTS (CONTINUED)

Endowment Fund Activity

	Without Donor		With Donor			
	Restrictions		Restrictions			Total
June 30, 2022						
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	\$	10,210,806	\$	289,624,335	\$	299,835,141
Investment Return*		(1,183,305)		(22,344,997)		(23,528,302)
Change in Value of Annuities		-		(116,333)		(116,333)
Contributions		-		12,099,808		12,099,808
Income Distributed or Drawn on Endowments		(907,296)		(14,371,693)		(15,278,989)
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	8,120,205	\$	264,891,120	\$	273,011,325
	-					
Donor-Restricted Endow ment Funds	\$	-	\$	264,891,120	\$	264,891,120
Board-Designated Funds		8,120,205		-		8,120,205
Total	\$	8,120,205	\$	264,891,120	\$	273,011,325
		ithout Donor		With Donor		
		ithout Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
<u>June 30, 2021</u>		Restrictions		Restrictions		
June 30, 2021 Net Assets, Beginning of Year			\$			Total 235,039,624
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R	Restrictions		Restrictions	\$	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	R	Restrictions 6,900,679		Restrictions 228,138,945	\$	235,039,624
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return*	R	Restrictions 6,900,679		228,138,945 69,224,626	\$	235,039,624 73,397,650
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return* Change in Value of Annuities	R	6,900,679 4,173,024 - (862,897)		228,138,945 69,224,626 193,940	\$	235,039,624 73,397,650 193,940
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return* Change in Value of Annuities Contributions	R	6,900,679 4,173,024		228,138,945 69,224,626 193,940 5,294,003	\$	235,039,624 73,397,650 193,940 5,294,003
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return* Change in Value of Annuities Contributions Income Distributed or Drawn on Endowments	<u> </u>	6,900,679 4,173,024 - (862,897)	\$	228,138,945 69,224,626 193,940 5,294,003 (13,227,179)		235,039,624 73,397,650 193,940 5,294,003 (14,090,076)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return* Change in Value of Annuities Contributions Income Distributed or Drawn on Endowments	<u> </u>	6,900,679 4,173,024 - (862,897)	\$	228,138,945 69,224,626 193,940 5,294,003 (13,227,179)		235,039,624 73,397,650 193,940 5,294,003 (14,090,076)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return* Change in Value of Annuities Contributions Income Distributed or Drawn on Endowments Net Assets, End of Year	\$	6,900,679 4,173,024 - (862,897)	\$	Restrictions 228,138,945 69,224,626 193,940 5,294,003 (13,227,179) 289,624,335	\$	235,039,624 73,397,650 193,940 5,294,003 (14,090,076) 299,835,141
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Investment Return* Change in Value of Annuities Contributions Income Distributed or Drawn on Endowments Net Assets, End of Year Donor-Restricted Endowment Funds	\$	6,900,679 4,173,024 - (862,897) 10,210,806	\$	Restrictions 228,138,945 69,224,626 193,940 5,294,003 (13,227,179) 289,624,335	\$	235,039,624 73,397,650 193,940 5,294,003 (14,090,076) 299,835,141 289,624,335

The portion of a donor-restricted endowment fund that is regarded as "net appreciation" is classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure in a manner consistent with the College's spending policy.

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The College has categorized its financial instruments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on one or more of the following:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in nonactive markets;
- pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; or
- pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable. These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The College's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair value of positions that the College has classified within the Level 3 category. As a result, the unrealized gains and losses for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the tables below may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable (e.g., changes in market interest rates) and unobservable (e.g., changes in unobservable long-dated volatilities) inputs.

A review of the fair value hierarchy classifications is conducted on an annual basis. Changes in the type of inputs may result in a reclassification for certain financial assets or liabilities. Reclassifications impacting Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the Level 3 category as of the beginning of the year in which reclassifications occur.

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

		June 3	0, 2022	June 30, 2021					
ASSETS	Quoted Priced in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance	Quoted Priced in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance	
Short-Term Investments Federal, State and Local Government Bonds and Notes Corporate Bonds and Notes Common and Preferred Stock Real Estate	\$ 5,101,441 10,719,653 23,621,461 26,762,648	\$ - - -	\$ - - - 7,383,756	\$ 5,101,441 10,719,653 23,621,461 26,762,648 7,383,756	\$ 883,740 5,144,307 14,262,685 41,481,651	\$ - - -	\$ - - - 8,355,457	\$ 883,740 5,144,307 14,262,685 41,481,651 8,355,457	
Total Assets	\$ 66,205,203	\$ -	\$ 7,383,756	73,588,959	\$ 61,772,383	\$ -	\$ 8,355,457	70,127,840	
Investments Measured at Fair Value Using Net Asset Value Per Share Hedge Funds Commingled Funds Stock Commingled Funds Bonds Limited Partnerships Total Investments Measured				39,133,787 91,484,650 - 76,254,084				73,785,862 86,734,362 21,615,113 56,623,670	
at Fair Value Using Net Asset Value Per Share				206,872,521				238,759,007	
Total Assets				\$ 280,461,480				\$ 308,886,847	
LIABILITIES									
Interest Rate Sw aps	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,391,020	\$ -	\$ 7,391,020	

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Real estate assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These assets are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis; however, they are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances, such as when there is evidence of impairment or a change in the amount of previously recorded impairment. No such impairment has been recorded for years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Appraisals on these properties have been obtained in years 2015-2020.

Fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
	Fair Value	Commitment	Frequency	Notice Period
Distressed/Credit ^(a)	\$ 4,628,813	-	annually	90 days
Diversified Arbitrage (b)	490,421	-	quarterly	60 days
Diversified Arbitrage (b)	6,285,038	-	quarterly	65 days
Diversified Arbitrage (b)	3,006,660	-	quarterly	90 days
Diversified Arbitrage (b)	565,221	-	quarterly	92 days
Diversified Arbitrage (b)	25,878	-	n/a	awaiting liquidation
Event-driven (c)	5,742,569	-	quarterly	65 days
Global Macro ^(d)	4,837,664	-	monthly	3 days
Global/Regional Long/Short ^(e)	167,059	-	n/a	awaiting liquidation
Global/Regional Long/Short ^(e)	2,114,511	-	monthly	60 days
Global/Regional Long/Short ^(e)	4,059,450	-	quarterly	45 Days
Global/Regional Long/Short ^(e)	977,582	-	quarterly	60 days
Opportunistic ^(f)	248,560	-	annually	90 days
U.S. Long/Short ^(g)	4,610,359	-	annually	45 days
U.S. Long/Short ^(g)	1,374,002	-	monthly	180 days
U.S. Equity ^(h)	4,783,051	-	monthly	15 days
U.S. Equity ^(h)	3,584,379	-	monthly	62 days
U.S. Equity ^(h)	52,197,414	-	quarterly	60 days
Global Equity ex US ^(h)	14,258,502	-	semi-monthly	6 days
Global Equity ex US ^(h)	1,359,726	-	annually	15 days
Global Equity ex US ^(h)	5,847,685	-	monthly	32 days
Emerging Markets ^(h)	5,485,650	-	monthly	30 days
Emerging Markets ^(h)	3,968,243	-	monthly	60 days
Private Equity ⁽ⁱ⁾	76,254,084	50,462,288	n/a	n/a
Total	\$ 206,872,521	\$ 50,462,288		

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

- a. This class includes investments in hedge funds that generally invest in securities, bank debt, and trade obligations of companies or structures that have filed Chapter 11 or are in other ways in financial distress. In addition, the managers may invest in various arbitrage strategies. The fair values have been estimated using the net asset value (NAV) per share of the investments.
- b. This class includes investments in hedge funds that pursue multiple strategies in an effort to diversify risks and reduce volatility. Some of the strategies that managers in this class invest in include merger arbitrage, convertible arbitrage, fixed income arbitrage, statistical arbitrage, distressed credit, and long/short equity. The fair values have been estimated using the net asset value (NAV) per share of the investments.
- c. This class includes investments in hedge funds. These funds typically invest in publicly announced corporate events and other special situations where the outcome is largely dependent of an uncorrelated event within the broad markets. The managers tend to focus on merger, corporate restructuring, corporate takeovers, and spin-offs, with the two main strategies being merger arbitrage and distressed securities.
- d. This class is an investment strategy that seeks to generate returns from:
 1) macroeconomic trends and shifts in the world's economies, 2) political developments
 that have an economic impact, and 3) changes of global supply and demand for physical
 and financial resources. Macro managers implement their portfolios by investing long
 and/or short positions (e.g., equities, fixed income, currencies, and commodities) in any
 market around the world, while taking directional and/or relative value positions.
- e. This class includes investments in hedge funds that take long and short positions primarily in common stock of companies based in the U.S. and/or outside U.S. Management of the funds has the ability to shift investments from value to growth strategies, from small to larger capitalizations stocks, and from a net long to a net short position.
- f. This class includes investments in hedge funds that primarily take long and short positions in common stock of companies based in the U.S. and/or outside of the U.S. The managers in this class may also invest in an opportunistic basis in credit and other arbitrage strategies.
- g. This class includes investments in hedge funds that take long and short positions primarily in common stock of companies based in the U.S. Management of the hedge funds has the ability to shift investments from value to growth strategies, from small to larger capitalization stocks, and from a net long to a net short position.
- h. This class includes funds of publicly traded U.S. and/or outside U.S. stocks.
- i. This class includes investments in global secondary purchases of venture capital, leveraged buyout and other private equity assets.

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following provides a brief description of the types of recurring financial instruments the College holds, the methodology for estimating fair value, and the level within the hierarchy of the estimate.

Investments

<u>Short-Term Investments</u> – These investments are cash and low risk money market funds provided as sweep vehicles by the custodian bank. The College considers these investments I evel 1

<u>Federal, State and Local Government Bonds and Notes</u> – These are securities or mutual funds which invest in securities which are traded on a recognized liquid exchange. The closing price of the security as of the reporting date is used to determine fair value. These are considered Level 1 inputs in the hierarchy.

<u>Corporate Bonds and Notes</u> – These are securities or mutual funds which invest in bonds or notes which are traded on a recognized liquid exchange. The closing price of the security as of the reporting date is used to determine fair value. This is considered a Level 1 value in the hierarchy. In some instances, where trading volume is thin or nonexistent, assets may be measured at Net Asset Value (NAV) and, therefore, are not presented in the hierarchy.

<u>Common and Preferred Stock</u> – These are securities or mutual funds which invest in common and preferred stock which are traded on a recognized liquid exchange. The closing price of the security as of the reporting date is used to determine fair value. This is considered a Level 1 value in the hierarchy. In some instances, where trading volume is thin or nonexistent, assets may be measured at NAV and, therefore, are not presented in the hierarchy.

<u>Hedge Funds</u> – These are investments in pools of assets whose underlying values and composition of both long and short positions determine the fair market value of the investment. The reporting entity has the ability to redeem its investment with the investee at NAV per share (or its equivalent) at the measurement date.

<u>Real Estate</u> – NAV are those represented by an investment in a mutual fund which invests in real estate and real asset commodities such as energy. Level 3 assets are direct investments in real property and investment in limited partnerships whose value is based on the underlying real estate asset.

<u>Limited Partnerships</u> – Limited partnerships are investments in pools of assets whose underlying values and composition determine the fair market value of the investment either as reported by the general partner or for certain investments, the reporting entity has the ability to redeem its investment with the investee at NAV per share (or its equivalent) at the measurement date.

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

<u>Interest Rate Swap</u> – These are measured by alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency in markets that may not be continuously active. Based on the complex nature of interest rate swap agreements, these instruments trade in markets that are not as efficient and are less liquid than that of the more mature Level 1 markets. These markets do however have comparable, observable inputs in which an alternative pricing source values these assets in order to arrive at a fair value. These characteristics classify interest rate swap agreements as a Level 2 input.

The College's Investment Committee, which consists of members of the College's senior management and board of visitors and governors, is responsible for valuation policies and procedures for the College's Level 3 investments. Interaction occurs formally on a biannual basis and informally as needed. The Investment Committee meets at least on a quarterly basis to evaluate the valuation methodology used for the Level 3 investments.

NOTE 15 RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The College participates in defined contribution retirement annuity plans sponsored by the Teacher's Insurance and Annuity Association and the College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF). Retirement benefits are provided to eligible faculty and administrative personnel through direct payments to these plans. For eligible employees, the College contributes a portion of the employee's salary to the plans based on the employee's contribution. Contributions made under these plans are fully vested in employees' accounts, and retirement payments are limited to the amount of the annuities purchased. The College's match program was suspended for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022. The College's match program has been reinstated for fiscal year 2023.

NOTE 16 EXPENSE ALLOCATION

The College allocates interest and amortization on indebtedness based on loan proceeds borrowed for construction of respective buildings. Operations and maintenance of plant consists of insurance, dues, maintenance, and utilities applied to square footage of all buildings. Salaries and benefits are allocated based on job function and allocation of time spent between departments. Expenses reported in the financial statements are classified among program services and supporting services for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 as follows.

	Program Services							Supporting Services			
		Academic	Academic								
		Support -	Support -	Student	Institutional		Auxiliary	General		2022	
	Instruction	Library	Other	Services	Support	Subtotal	Enterprise	Administrative	Subtotal	Total	
2022							-				
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 13,456,632	\$ 590,265	\$ 954,579	\$ 6,278,051	\$ 3,653,332	\$ 24,932,859	\$ 1,442,712	\$ 1,901,325	\$ 3,344,037	\$ 28,276,896	
Contractual Services	601,551	41,620	45,786	1,367,249	2,039,177	4,095,383	272,360	1,082,630	1,354,990	5,450,373	
Supplies	355,989	26,672	25,654	404,672	257,041	1,070,028	113,490	28,815	142,305	1,212,333	
Travel	310,619	1,145	16,227	751,430	39,828	1,119,249	9,997	43,941	53,938	1,173,187	
Professional Fees	39,901	-	3,739	79,842	538,191	661,673	357,646	54,101	411,747	1,073,420	
Rent	126,777	-	-	7,880	42,700	177,357	2,415	11,302	13,717	191,074	
Other Operating Expenses	1,993,560	694,872	64,750	2,221,345	2,099,390	7,073,917	3,458,444	259,249	3,717,693	10,791,610	
Plant Operation and											
Maintenance	582,338	103,775	29,388	350,502	1,115,002	2,181,005	503,342	26,219	529,561	2,710,566	
Depreciation	3,215,214	250,823	2,814	1,345,321	1,321,184	6,135,356	2,621,422	16,173	2,637,595	8,772,951	
Interest and Amortization	1,415,888					1,415,888	729,397		729,397	2,145,285	
Total	\$ 22,098,469	\$ 1,709,172	\$ 1,142,937	\$ 12,806,292	\$ 11,105,845	\$ 48,862,715	\$ 9,511,225	\$ 3,423,755	\$ 12,934,980	\$ 61,797,695	
			Prograi	n Services				Supporting	g Services		
		Academic	Academic								
		Support -	Support -	Student	Institutional		Auxiliary	General		2021	
	Instruction	Library	Other	Services	Support	Subtotal	Enterprise	Administrative	Subtotal	Total	
2021											
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 13,504,303	\$ 543,888	\$ 1,246,980	\$ 5,549,268	\$ 3,629,553	\$ 24,473,992	\$ 918,590	\$ 2,172,107	\$ 3,090,697	\$ 27,564,689	
Contractual Services	456,590	380	15,419	966,617	3,068,271	4,507,277	358,058	419,318	777,376	5,284,653	
Supplies	275,121	3,133	16,087	341,994	228,841	865,176	49,257	17,524	66,781	931,957	
Travel	24,103	77	166	142,473	2,657	169,476	1,463	9,857	11,320	180,796	
Professional Fees	40,645	-	-	13,480	211,954	266,079	119,086	147,068	266,154	532,233	
Rent	127,547	-	-	-	11,037	138,584	(3,965)	-	(3,965)	134,619	
Other Operating Expenses	1,919,353	720,519	68,999	1,538,770	1,134,441	5,382,082	2,126,946	147,561	2,274,507	7,656,589	
Plant Operation and											
Maintenance	459,129	88,832	25,891	363,410	647,460	1,584,722	318,997	16,607	335,604	1,920,326	
Depreciation	3,175,897	251,047	2,801	1,397,269	1,371,993	6,199,007	2,649,816	16,481	2,666,297	8,865,304	
Interest and Amortization	1,969,567					1,969,567	1,014,625		1,014,625	2,984,192	
Total	\$ 21,952,255	\$ 1,607,876	\$ 1,376,343	\$ 10,313,281	\$ 10,306,207	\$ 45,555,962	\$ 7,552,873	\$ 2,946,523	\$ 10,499,396	\$ 56,055,358	

Washington College

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 17 FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STANDARDS

The U.S. Department of Education (the Department) issued regulations on February 23, 2019, which became effective July 1, 2020, regarding additional disclosures deemed necessary to calculate certain ratios used by the Department for the purpose of evaluating the financial responsibility of institutions receiving Title IV funding. These ratios are commonly referred to as the composite score. The following table summarizes certain financial statement elements needed to calculate the College's composite score as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Net As	sets	
1	Net assets with donor restrictions: restricted in perpetuity	\$178,043,446
2	- ····· ···· ··· ··· · ··· · · · · · ·	
	a. Annuities with donor restrictions	\$ 155,263
	b. Term endowments	-
	c. Life income funds (trusts)	
	d. Total annuities, term endowments, and life income funds with donor restrictions	\$ 155,263
Proper	rty, Plant, and Equipment, net	
3	Pre-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net	
	a. Ending balance of pre-implementation as of June 30, 2020	\$170,131,379
	b. Reclassify capital lease assets previously included in PPE, net prior to the	
	implementation of ASU 2016-02 leases standard	-
	c. Less subsequent depreciation and disposals (net of accumulated depreciation)	(26,593,487)
	d. Balance pre-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net	143,537,892
4	Debt financed post-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net	
	Long-lived assets acquired with debt subsequent to June 30, 2019:	
	a. Equipment	_
	b. Land improvements	_
	c. Building	_
	d. Total property, plant, and equipment, net acquired with debt exceeding 12 months	
	d. Total property, plant, and equipment, not dequired with dept exceeding 12 mention	
5	Construction in progress - acquired subsequent to June 30, 2019	-
6	Post-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net, acquired without debt:	
·	a. Long-lived assets acquired without use of debt subsequent to	
	June 30, 2019	26,632,127
	0 00, 2010	20,002,127
7	Total Property, Plant, and Equipment, net - June 30, 2022	\$170,170,019

Washington College

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 17 FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Debt to	be excluded from expendable net asset	ts			
8	Pre-implementation debt: a. Ending balance of pre-implementation a	as of June 30, 2020		\$ 60	,602,000
	 Reclassify capital leases previously incimplementation of ASU 2016-02 leases 	=			_
	c. Less subsequent debt repayments	standard.			(46,000)
	d. Balance Pre-implementation Debt			60	,556,000
9	Allowable post-implementation debt used for a. Equipment - all capitalized	or capitalized long-lived assets:			_
	b. Land improvements				-
	c. Buildingsd. Balance Post-implementation Debt				
10	Construction in progress (CIP) financed with	h debt or line of credit			_
	Long-term debt not for the purchase of prop				
	or liability greater than assets value			\$ 60	,556,000
					<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
12	Terms of current year debt and line of credit	t for PPE additions:			
	Maturity Issue Date Date	Nature of Capitalized Amounts	Amount Capitalized		
		·	·	_	
Lease	right-of-use assets and liabilities				
13	Lease right-of-use assets				
1.1	Right-of-use assets as of balance sheet			\$	-
14	Lease right-of-use assets - Pre-implementa Right-of-use assets as of balance sheet leases entered into before December 15	t date June 30, 2022, excluding		\$	-
15	Lease right-of-use assets - Post-implement				
	Right-of-use assets as of balance sheet leases entered into on or after December			\$	-
16	Lease right-of-use liability				
17	Lease liabilities as of balance sheet dat			\$	-
17	Lease right-of-use liability - Pre-implementa Lease liabilities as of balance sheet dat	te June 30, 2022, excluding			
40	leases entered into before December 15			\$	-
18	Lease right-of-use liability - Post-implement Lease liabilities as of balance sheet dat				
	leases entered into on or after December	er 15, 2018		\$	-
	red related-party receivables			•	
19 20	Secured related-party receivables Unsecured related party receivables			\$	-
21	Total secured and unsecured related-party	receivables		\$	
	fixed assets (if loss)				
22 23	Loss on sale of fixed assets Remaining balances in expense category in	n which loss on sale of assets is included or	n SOA	\$	-
	Expense category in which loss on sale of			\$	
Sale o	fixed assets (if gain)				
25 26	Gain on sale of fixed assets Remaining balances in properating other is	income category in which gain on sale of as	sets is included	\$	9,942
27		= -	osto lo moradod	\$	9,942

Washington College

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 18 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The College evaluated its June 30, 2022 financial statements for subsequent events through January 27, 2023. On July 1, 2022, the College entered into a contract that outsources the dining hall operations to AVI Foodsystems, Inc for a period of ten years. On May 11, 2022, the College entered into a contract with Paycom for human resources and payroll services. The College did not fully implement Paycom's services until October 2022.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Primary Reserve Ratio:

Expendable	Net Assets:
------------	-------------

		Expendable Net Assets:	
1	Statement of Financial	Net assets without donor restrictions	
	Position (SFP)		\$ 117,441,716
2	SFP	Net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 286,385,690
3	3 Supplementary Disclosure Net assets restricted in perpetuity		
	(SD) Line 1		
			\$ 178,043,446
4	SD Line 20	Unsecured related-party receivable	\$ -
5	SD Line 2d	Donor restricted annuities, term endowments, life income funds	\$ 155,263
6	SD Line 3d	Property, plant, and equipment pre-implementation	\$ 143,537,892
7	SD Line 4d	Property, plant, and equipment post-implementation with outstanding debt for original	
		purchase	\$ -
8	SD Line 5	Construction in progress purchased with long-term debt	\$ -
9	SD Line 6a	Post-implementation property, plant, and equipment, net, acquired without debt	\$ 26,632,127
10	SD Line 14	Lease right-of-use asset, pre-implementation (grandfather of leases option not chosen)	\$ -
11	SD Line 15	Lease right-of-use asset, post-implementation	\$ -
12	SFP	Intangible assets	\$ -
13	SFP	Post-employment and pension liabilities	\$ -
14	SD Line 8d	Long-term debt - for long-term purposes pre-implementation	\$ 60,556,000
15	SD Line 9d	Long-term debt - for long-term purposes post-implementation	\$ -
16	SD Line 10	Line of credit for construction in progress	\$ -
17	SD Line 17	Pre-implementation right-of-use asset liability	\$ -
18	SD Line 18	Post-implementation right-of-use asset liability	\$ -

Total Expenses and Losses:

19	Statement of Activities	ent of Activities Total expenses (operating and nonoperating) without donor restrictions		
	(SOA)		\$	61,797,695
20	SOA	Non-service component of pension/postemployment (nonoperating) cost, (if loss)	\$	-
21	SD Line 22	Sale of fixed assets (if loss)	\$	-
22	SOA	Change in value of interest-rate swap agreements (if loss)	\$	-

Equity Ratio:

Modified Net Assets:

23	23 SFP Net assets without donor restrictions 24 SFP Net assets with donor restrictions		\$ 117,441,716
24			\$ 286,385,690
25	SD Line 14	Lease Right-of-use asset - Pre-implementation	\$ -
26	SD Line 17	Lease Right-of-use liability - Pre-implementation	\$ -
27	SFP	Intangible assets	\$ -
28	SD Line 20	Unsecured related-party receivables	\$ -

Modified Assets:

29	SFP	Total assets	\$ 475,865,680	ı
30	SD Line 14	Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation	\$ -	l
31	SFP	Intangible assets	\$ -	
32	SD Line 20	Unsecured related-party receivables	\$ -	ı

Net Income Ratio:

	** ** * **			
33	SOA	Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	\$	(7,674,028)

Total Revenues and Gains Without Donor Restriction:

34	SOA	Total operating revenue (including net assets released from restrictions)	\$ 55,871,134
35	SOA	Investments gain, net (aggregate operating and non-operating interest, dividends,	
		realized and unrealized gains)	\$ -
36	SOA	Non-service component of pension/postemployment (nonoperating) cost (if gain)	\$ -
37	SOA	Pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs (if gain)	\$ -
38	SOA	Change in value of annuity agreement (typically in nonoperating)	\$ -
39	SOA	Change in value of interest-rate swap agreements (if gain)	\$ 612,720
40	SD Line 25	Sale of fixed assets (if gain)	\$ 9,942
41	SOA	Other gains	\$ -

(36)



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Visitors and Governors Washington College Chestertown, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Washington College (the College), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Washington College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Washington College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland January 27, 2023